X. On the Mallophaga of the Spitsbergen Expedition.\* By James Waterston, B.D., D.Sc., F.E.S., F.Z.S., Assistant in the Department of Entomology, British Museum.

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The Mallophaga secured by members of the expedition are few in number, only 28 examples representing 7 species and 5 genera having been placed in my hands for report. The hosts examined were as follows: Hooded Crow, Barnacle Goose, Pink Footed Goose, Grey Phalarope, Purple Sandpiper, Fulmar Petrel, and about one-third of the Mallophaga known from these birds were found.

In the notes given below Harrison's arrangement ("Parasitology," vol. ix, No. 1, Oct. 1916) of the Mallophaga has been followed, while for the hosts the names given in the Rev. F. C. Jourdain's recent paper ("The Ibis," ser. xi, vol. iv, No. 1, p. 159, Jan. 1922) have been adopted.

No sucking lice were, apparently, secured.

## MALLOPHAGA.

I. AMBLYCERA.

Family MENOPONIDAE Mjöberg.

Genus MENOPON Nitzsch.

Menopon lutescens Burm.

Menopon lutescens Burmeister. Handbuch der Entomologie, Bd. 2, p. 440 (1838).

Q. Purple Sandpiper. Klaas Billen Bay (C. S. Elton

leg.), 15. viii. 1921.

I have followed Piaget ("Les Pédiculines," p. 447, Leide 1880) in interpreting this species, which has a wide range of hosts amongst shore- and sea-birds.

\* Results of The Oxford University Expedition to Spitsbergen. No. 9.

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## Genus TRINOTON Nitzsch.

#### Trinotum anserinum Fab.

Pediculus anserinus Fabricius. Syst. Antl., p. 345 (1805).

- (a) ♀. Barnaele Goose. Advent Bay (J. D. Brown leg.), 26. vi. 1921.
- (b) ♀. Pink Footed Goose. Sassen Bay (G. Binney leg.), 17. vii. 1921.
- (c) J. Grey Phalarope. Liefde Bay (T. G. Longstaff leg.), 8. vii. 1921.

(The *Trinoton* is of course a straggler on the last host.)

T. anscrinum occurs commonly on various Palaearctic Geese, and, it is said, on members of the Genus Cygnus also.

#### II. ISCHNOCERA.

## Family PHILOPTERIDAE Burmeister.

## Genus PHILOPTERUS Nitzseh.

# Philopterus corvi Linn.

Pediculus corvi Linné. Syst. Nat., x, p. 612 (1758). 3 imm. Head of Hooded Crow. Norway, Tromsø (H. L. Powell leg.), 9. vi. 1921.

# Philopterus fusiformis Denny.

Docophorus fusiformis Denny. Mon. Anopl. Brit., p. 84, Pl. 1, fig. 2 (1842).

- (a) 2 ♀. Bear Island (T. G. Longstaff leg.), 16. vi. 1921.
- (b) 4 imm. Klaas Billen Bay (C. S. Elton leg.), 15. viii. 1921.

In both cases on Purple Sandpiper on which this parasite regularly occurs.

## Genus DEGEERIELLA Neumann.

# Degeeriella zonaria Nitzseh.

Nirmus zonarius Nitzsch, in Giebel Zeit. f. ges. Nat., xxviii, p. 374 (1866).

(a) 3. Bear Island (T. G. Longstaff leg.).

(b) 4 ♂, 2 ♀. Klaas Billen Bay (C. S. Elton *leg.*), 15. viii. 1921.

In both cases from Purple Sandpiper.

## Degeeriella actophilus Kell. and Chap.

Nirmus actophilus Kellogg and Chapman. New Mallophaga, iii, p. 78, Pl. VI, fig. 4 (28. ii. 1899).

(a)  $\bigcirc$ . Bear Island (T. G. Longstaff leg.), 16. vi. 1921.

(b) 3, 2 \, 1 imm. Klaas Billen Bay (C. S. Elton leg.), 15. viii. 1921.

In both cases from Purple Sandpiper. D. actophilus is a common parasite of the smaller waders.

### Genus ESTHIOPTERUM Harrison.

## Esthiopterum nigrolimbatum Gieb.

Lipeurus nigrolimbatus Giebel. Insecta Epizoa, p. 233, Leipsic (1874).

3 Q. Fulmar Petrel. Bear Island (J. D. Brown leg.),

16. vi. 1921.

An abundant parasite of Fulmars both in the Pacific and in the Atlantic.

HOST LIST WITH PARASITES.

Corvus cornix cornix Linn.

Philopterus corvi.

Branta leucopsis Bechst.

Trinoton anserinum.

Anser brachyrhynchus Baillon.

Trinoton anserinum.

Phalaropus fulicarius jourdaini Iredale.

Trinoton anserinum.

Erolia maritima maritima Brünnich.

Menopon lutescens. Philopterus fusiformis. Degeeriella zonaria. Degeeriella actophilus.

Fulmarus glacialis glacialis Linn.

Esthiopterum nigrolimbatum.

British Museum (Nat. Hist.), Feb. 1921.